

סוג הבחינה: בגרות
מועד הבחינה: קיץ 2026, מועד ב
מספר השאלון: 016382
קובץ: שאלון

אנגלית

מודול C - 3-4 יחידות לימוד

הוראות

- א. משך הבחינה: שעה וארבעים וחמש דקות
 - ב. מבנה השאלון ומפתח ההערכה: פרק ראשון - הבנת הנקרא - 70 נקודות; פרק שני - מטלת כתיבה - 30 נקודות; סך הכול - 100 נקודות
 - ג. חומר עזר מותר בשימוש: אחד המילונים או אחת המילוניות מן הרשימה שבאתר הפיקוח על הוראת האנגלית ובאתר של אגף הבחינות במשרד החינוך. נבחנים "עולים חדשים" רשאים להשתמש גם במילון דו-לשוני: אנגלי-שפת אימם / שפת אימם-אנגלי. השימוש במילון אחר טעון אישור של הפיקוח על הוראת האנגלית.
 - ד. הוראות מיוחדות: כל התשובות נכתבות באנגלית ובעט, בגוף השאלון. את הנוסח הסופי של מטלת הכתיבה כותבים בעמוד 9.
- בקובץ זה: השאלון - הטקסטים והשאלות, עם מקום לתשובות. התשובות וההסברים - בקבצים "תשובות" ו"פתרון מלא".

בהצלחה!

PART I: WRITTEN RECEPTION (70 points)

(ACCESS TO INFORMATION FROM WRITTEN TEXTS)

Read the text below and then answer questions 1–9.

A CHALLENGE FOR HUMANOID ROBOTS*



A humanoid robot running in a race

- I
- 1 Last April, twelve thousand people ran in the annual half marathon* through the streets of Beijing, China. This race is especially difficult because it has many hills. The people had to spend many months preparing for this race.
- 5 They did special exercises to make their legs stronger, and they ran long distances several times a week. However, 21 of the competitors in the race did not prepare at all. That is because they were robots!
- II
- These robots were a special type of robot called
- 10 humanoid robots. "Many governments and companies are spending billions of dollars developing humanoid robots," says Lily Wang. Lily is an engineer at a company in China that makes robots. "Humanoid robots are very different from the ordinary robots that you see today," she
- 15 explains. "Each ordinary robot can do only one specific task. For example, a robot in a restaurant can carry plates of food to customers, and a robot in a factory can paint car doors. But in the future, a single humanoid robot will be able to do both these things – and many more tasks as well."
- III
- It has not been easy to develop humanoid robots. The first challenge was to build a robot
- 20 that can walk on two legs without falling. Engineers worked for more than 50 years and finally solved that problem. "Then, some of us even developed robots that can run," says Lily. "Now

we are wondering how far they can run. So we arranged for them to join the Beijing race."

- IV** The half marathon in Beijing was not easy for the 21 robots that ran in it. They all fell at least once, and they all needed new batteries several times. In the end, only six robots finished
- 25 the race, and they all ran more slowly than the human competitors. "We plan to have new robots in next year's race," says Lily. "They won't run faster, but they won't fall down. And most experts believe that in less than three years, robots might actually win half marathons."

¹**humanoid robot** – רובוט שנראה כמו בן אדם ²**half marathon** – חצי מרתון, מרוץ של 21 ק"מ

QUESTIONS

Answer questions 1–9 in English according to the text. In questions 1, 5, 7 and 8, circle the number of the correct answer. In the other questions, follow the instructions.

- 1.** What are we told in paragraph I about the half marathon in Beijing?

- i) Why the city has an annual race.
- ii) Why this race is difficult.
- iii) Why there were so many competitors.
- iv) Why some of the competitors were robots.

(8 points)

- 2.** How did people prepare for the race in Beijing?

Give ONE answer from paragraph I.

ANSWER: _____ .

(8 points)

- 3.** According to Lily Wang, what are governments and companies spending money on? (paragraph II)

ANSWER: _____ .

(8 points)

- 4.** What specific task can an ordinary robot do?

Give ONE answer from paragraph II.

ANSWER: _____ .

(7 points)

5. What do we learn from paragraph II about humanoid robots?

- i) Which companies in China make them.
- ii) What some of them will be able to do.
- iii) Why many governments are using them.
- iv) How much it will cost to buy them.

(8 points)

COMPLETE THE SENTENCE.

6. According to lines 19–21, what problem did humanoid robots have in the past?

They could not _____ .

(8 points)

7. What does Lily explain about humanoid robots? (paragraph III)

- i) Why the engineers developed them.
- ii) How far they can run.
- iii) How the engineers developed them.
- iv) Why the engineers wanted them to join the race.

(8 points)

8. What do we learn from paragraph IV about the robots that ran in the Beijing race?

- i) All of them were slower than the humans.
- ii) Most of them finished the race.
- iii) Only six of them needed new batteries.
- iv) They will run faster in next year's race.

(8 points)

9. According to experts, what might happen in less than three years? (paragraph IV)

ANSWER: _____ .

(7 points)

PART II: WRITTEN PRODUCTION (30 points)

(WRITTEN PRESENTATION)

Write 70–90 words in English on the following topic:

Do you think that all high school pupils should do volunteer work?

Give reasons to explain your opinion.

כל הבגרויות באנגלית עם פתרונות מלאים: www.guyai.co.il/bagrut/english