

סוג הבחינה: מבחן מתכונת
מועד הבחינה: מתכונת 10
מספר השאלון: 016471
קובץ: שאלון

GuyAI

מבית GOOL בגריות

אנגלית

מודול E - 4-5 יחידות לימוד

הוראות

- א. משך הבחינה: שעה וחצי
- ב. מבנה השאלון ומפתח ההערכה: פרק ראשון - הבנת הנקרא - 70 נקודות; פרק שני - אוצר מילים - 30 נקודות; סך הכול - 100 נקודות.
- ג. חומר עזר מותר בשימוש: אין. בשאלון זה אין להשתמש במילון או במילוניית.
- ד. הוראות מיוחדות: יש לכתוב את כל התשובות בגוף השאלון (במקומות המיועדים לכך). יש לכתוב את כל התשובות באנגלית ובעט בלבד. בתום הבחינה יש להחזיר את השאלון למשגיח או למשגיחה. בקובץ זה: השאלון - הטקסטים והשאלות, עם מקום לתשובות. התשובות וההסברים - בקבצים "תשובות" ו"פתרון מלא".

בהצלחה!

PART I: WRITTEN RECEPTION (70 points)

(ACCESS TO INFORMATION FROM WRITTEN TEXTS)

Read the article below and then answer questions 1–9.

A glossary of the underlined words (numbers 1–6) is provided on the next page.

HOLIDAYS UNDER THE STARS

- I** 1 Last winter, Maya Levin, a nurse from a busy coastal city, spent a week in a tiny desert village. She did not go there for the sun, the food or the shopping. In fact, she slept through most of the day. Every evening, after dark, she joined a small group of travelers
- 5 at the edge of the village. Together they lay on thick blankets in the cold sand for hours and looked up at a sky full of stars.
- II** Maya is part of a growing trend. Every year, more young travelers plan their holidays around the night sky instead of the beach. Like Maya, they look for places that are far from city lights, and they are willing to stay awake until three in the morning for a good view. Many
- 10 villages now offer them special evening tours. In Maya's village, guests could visit a small observatory¹. There, they could look through a powerful telescope² and see the rings of Saturn with their own eyes.
- III** Dr. Daniel Ortiz, a tourism researcher, explains why this type of holiday has become so popular. "Most of us live in cities, where streetlights, shop windows and cars light up the sky all
- 15 night long," he says. "Scientists believe that about a third of all people on Earth can no longer see the Milky Way³ from where they live. For many young people today, a truly dark sky is something they have never experienced."
- IV** Not all visitors come only to watch. According to Ortiz, some join a night photography course. "A good photo of the stars can take an hour
- 20 to prepare," he says. "You set up your camera on a tripod⁴, wait in the cold and check the sky again and again. That forces people to slow down and stay in one place. After a year of rushing from task to task, many find this surprisingly calming."
- V** The people of small villages in dark areas are glad to welcome this new kind of
- 25 visitor, and they are proud to show them their night sky. Stargazers⁵ usually come in winter, when few other tourists arrive, so they fill local guesthouses⁶ and restaurants. Some villages have even replaced their streetlights with weaker lamps that point down, so that the sky stays dark. As for Maya, she has already booked her next trip. "I came for the stars," she says, "but I went home with a calmer mind."

¹**observatory** – מצפה כוכבים ²**telescope** – טלסקופ ³**the Milky Way** – שביל החלב ⁴**tripod** – חצובה

⁵**stargazer** – צופה בכוכבים ⁶**guesthouse** – בית הארחה

QUESTIONS

Answer questions **1–9** in English according to the article. In questions **1, 6, 7** and **9**, circle the number of the correct answer. In the other questions, follow the instructions.

1. What do we learn about Maya's holiday from paragraph I?

- i) She went there to enjoy the local food.
- ii) She spent it in a large city.
- iii) She was active mainly at night.
- iv) It took place in the summer.

(7 points)

2. What did Maya and the other travelers do every evening? (paragraph I)

ANSWER: _____ .

(8 points)

COMPLETE THE SENTENCE.

3. In what way is Maya's holiday similar to the holidays of the young travelers in paragraph II?

Maya and the young travelers _____ .

(8 points)

COMPLETE THE SENTENCE.

4. According to lines 11–12, what could Maya do at the observatory in her village?

She could _____ .

(8 points)

COMPLETE THE SENTENCE.

5. What does Dr. Ortiz explain about this type of holiday? (paragraph III)

He explains why it _____ .

(8 points)

6. What do we learn from paragraph III?

- i) Most cities turn off their streetlights at night.
- ii) Young people prefer to live in villages.
- iii) Scientists have counted the stars of the Milky Way.
- iv) Many young people have never seen a really dark sky.

(7 points)

7. According to Ortiz, why might some visitors join a night photography course? (paragraph IV)

Because this activity ...

- i) is cheaper than an evening tour.
- ii) makes them slow down and feel calm.
- iii) teaches them how to build a camera.
- iv) allows them to sleep through the night.

(8 points)

COMPLETE THE SENTENCE.

8. How do the people of small villages in dark areas feel about visitors like Maya? Give ONE answer from paragraph V.

Local people _____ .

(8 points)

9. What do we learn from paragraph V?

- i) Some villages have changed their lights to keep the sky dark.
- ii) Stargazers usually visit the villages in the summer.
- iii) Maya does not want to visit the village again.
- iv) Local guesthouses are usually empty in winter.

(8 points)

PART II: LEXICAL KNOWLEDGE (30 points)

(VOCABULARY)

Below are five questions, (10) to (14). In each question there are six items (words or chunks) and three definitions.

In each question, match three of the items 1–6 to the definitions on the right.

Write the number of the item next to its definition, as shown in the example.

(2 points for each correct match.)

Example

- 1 a passenger
- 2 an umbrella
- 3 a desert
- 4 an envelope
- 5 a neighbor
- 6 an engine

- 4 a paper cover that you put a letter in before you send it
- 1 a person who travels in a car, bus or plane but does not drive it
- 2 something you hold over your head when it rains

- 10.**
- 1 to rescue
 - 2 to deliver
 - 3 to apologize
 - 4 to persuade
 - 5 to punish
 - 6 to ignore
- (6 points)

- _____ to make someone agree to do something by giving them good reasons
- _____ to save someone from a dangerous situation
- _____ to say that you are sorry for doing something wrong

- 11.**
- 1 ashamed
 - 2 curious
 - 3 honest
 - 4 bitter
 - 5 rural
 - 6 elderly
- (6 points)

- _____ wanting to know or learn about something
- _____ in or of the countryside, far from big cities
- _____ a polite word for old

- 12.**
- 1 an earthquake
 - 2 an audience
 - 3 a journalist
 - 4 an injury
 - 5 an ambition
 - 6 a disaster
- (6 points)

- _____ a strong wish to achieve something in your life
- _____ a person who writes news stories for a newspaper or a website
- _____ the people who watch or listen to a show or a concert

- 13.**
- 1 abroad
 - 2 barely
 - 3 eventually
 - 4 shortly
 - 5 automatically
 - 6 frequently
- (6 points)

- _____ in the end, after a long time
- _____ soon; in a short time
- _____ in or to a foreign country

- 14.** 1 to make up your mind
2 to take care of
3 to suffer from
4 to take advantage of
5 to give away
6 to make sense

(6 points)

- _____ to give something to someone for free
_____ to decide something after thinking about
_____ it
_____ to be clear and easy to understand

כל הבגריות באנגלית עם פתרונות מלאים: www.guyai.co.il/bagrut/english