

סוג הבחינה: מבחן מתכונת
מועד הבחינה: מתכונת 6
מספר השאלון: 016484
קובץ: שאלון

אנגלית

מודול D - 4 יחידות לימוד (לנבחנים אקסטרניים)

הוראות

- א. משך הבחינה: שעה וארבעים וחמש דקות
 - ב. מבנה השאלון ומפתח ההערכה: פרק ראשון - הבנת הנקרא - 70 נקודות; פרק שני - מטלת כתיבה - 30 נקודות; סך הכול - 100 נקודות
 - ג. חומר עזר מותר בשימוש: אחד המילונים או אחת המילוניות מן הרשימה שבאתר הפיקוח על הוראת האנגלית ובאתר של אגף הבחינות במשרד החינוך. נבחנים "עולים חדשים" רשאים להשתמש גם במילון דו-לשוני: אנגלי-שפת אימם / שפת אימם-אנגלי. השימוש במילון אחר טעון אישור של הפיקוח על הוראת האנגלית.
 - ד. הוראות מיוחדות: כל התשובות נכתבות באנגלית ובעט, בגוף השאלון. את הנוסח הסופי של מטלת הכתיבה כותבים בעמוד 9. בתום הבחינה מחזירים את השאלון למשגיח או למשגיחה.
- בקובץ זה: השאלון - הטקסטים והשאלות, עם מקום לתשובות. התשובות וההסברים - בקבצים "תשובות" ו"פתרון מלא".

בהצלחה!

PART I: WRITTEN RECEPTION (70 points)

(ACCESS TO INFORMATION FROM WRITTEN TEXTS)

Read the text below and then answer questions 1–8.

IN SEARCH OF DARK SKIES

- I 1 Sarah Klein had always wanted to see the Milky Way. Last winter, she finally drove five hours to a dark-sky park in the mountains, where there are no streetlights at all. "I really needed to go," she said. "When I was a girl, I could see thousands of stars from my grandmother's village. Today the sky above it is orange with city lights. I felt that this park was the only place
5 where I could see that sky again."
- II Clear night skies are disappearing in many parts of the world. Because of artificial light from streets, buildings and advertisements, the sky over a big city now shows only a few dozen stars. The problem affects nature as well. Young sea turtles, for example, are attracted by the lights of beach hotels and crawl away from the sea. And in many towns, people leave lights on all night
10 because they believe it keeps their streets safe.
- III Nowadays, there are more than 200 official dark-sky parks around the world. However, keeping them dark is not easy. For example, new houses and roads are often built close to the parks, and they bring more streetlights with them. Furthermore, light from nearby cities often fills the sky. This is bad news for the animals in the parks, since many owls and bats can
15 hunt only in complete darkness.
- IV To protect the darkness, rangers ask visitors to follow a few simple rules. "For example, visitors should bring a flashlight that gives red light, because red light doesn't spoil night vision," says park ranger Tom Hughes. "In addition, they should arrive before sunset. However, they must not use white flashlights or take photos with a flash, and they must never leave their car lights on."
- V 20 Many rangers in dark-sky parks also teach visitors about the stars and about the problem of light pollution. They hope that visitors will start to protect the night sky in their own towns. "Some visitors put covers on their garden lamps so that the light shines only downwards," says Hughes. "Others ask their town councils to turn off streetlights late at night, when the streets are empty. Some teachers even bring their classes here to show them a
25 sky they have never seen before. I hope that one day, children everywhere will be able to see the Milky Way from their own homes."

QUESTIONS

Answer questions 1–8 in English, according to the text. In questions 1 and 6, circle the number of the correct answer. In the other questions, follow the instructions.

1. What does Klein explain about her trip to the dark-sky park? (paragraph I)

- i) how she found the park
- ii) why it was difficult to drive there
- iii) why she wanted to go there
- iv) what she did in the park at night

She explains (-).

(8 points)

COMPLETE THE SENTENCE.

2. What is ONE thing we learn about Klein's grandmother's village? (paragraph I)

In the past, _____ .

(8 points)

3. What is happening to clear night skies in many places? (paragraph II)

ANSWER: _____ .

(8 points)

COMPLETE THE SENTENCE.

4. What are we told in paragraph II about many towns?

We are told why people _____ .

(8 points)

COMPLETE THE ANSWER.

5. Why do new houses and roads make it hard to keep the parks dark? (paragraph III)

Because they _____ .

(8 points)

6. What do we learn about owls and bats? (paragraph III)

- i) Why they leave the parks in winter.
- ii) How visitors can help protect them.
- iii) Which of them are most common in the parks.
- iv) What they need in order to hunt.

(8 points)

COMPLETE THE SENTENCE.

7. According to Hughes, what shouldn't visitors do in the park?

Give ONE answer from paragraph IV.

They should not _____ .

(8 points)

PUT A ✓ BY THE TWO CORRECT ANSWERS.

8. What do we learn from paragraph V?

- i) What some visitors do in their own towns.
- ii) How rangers choose which visitors to teach.
- iii) Why some visitors find the stars boring.
- iv) Which town councils have turned off their streetlights.
- v) What Hughes would like to see one day.
- vi) How long a visit to the park usually lasts.

(2x7=14 points)

PART II: WRITTEN PRODUCTION (30 points)

(WRITTEN PRESENTATION)

IMPORTANT: You may use words and/or phrases from the text in Part I.

However, you must NOT copy a sentence or sentences from the text.

Write 80–100 words in English on the following topic.

Your town wants to turn off most of its streetlights after midnight to protect the night sky. Do you think this is a good idea?

Write a composition explaining why or why not.

כל הבגרויות באנגלית עם פתרונות מלאים: www.guyai.co.il/bagrut/english